

6.

same thing to me as his father did in this session too. Jesse had told me if I didn't take my pants down that I would never be allowed to come back again to computer class. I said fine, I won't tell and then I pulled my pants down to my knees and I was held tight around my waist so I could not move and I had to hold onto one of the chairs in the room, bent over and Jesse tried to push his penis which was hard like his father's was, into my behind, Jesse hurt me very much and I screamed out but he covered up my mouth and kept on trying and pushing his penis into my behind. After a while he stopped and I stopped and pulled up my pants up and went back to my computer to work. I can also remember that when Mr. Friedman did things with his penis to me and the other boys he would whisper to us something like, "[Y]ou won't come back," and also he would say "[D]on't tell your mom or you won't be able to come back." I can also remember in the first session that Mr. Friedman pulled his pants and came over to me and told me his penis was out and it was hard and he pulled my pants down and he took his penis and rubbed it against my penis. He did this for about a minute or so and then he stopped. Jesse was there too but he was just screaming at everyone. This hurt me and I cried but he didn't stop rubbing his penis against my penis. I can remember that everyone in the class had to touch both Mr. Friedman and Jesse's penis,

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they would come around to the computer with their pants down when we had to touch their penises. I want to talk to [the detectives] about the session in Mr. Friedman's computer class. This session was started in January 1987 and it was on _____ at about 4:30 p.m. The same boys were in my class as were in the first session. I can remember, that Jesse and Mr. Friedman did some of the same things to me and the other boys as they did in the first session. The second session was also run for 10 weeks like the first one did. I remember that it was in the beginning of the session when Mr. Friedman came over to my computer and he told me take my pants down. _____ was next to me didn't say anything because he didn't want to get into any trouble. Jesse was in the room too, anyway I stood up and I didn't want to get hit very hard so I did it. Mr. Friedman made me bend over and hold onto the back of the computer class and he took his hard penis and pushed it into by behind and it hurt me a little and I cried to myself because it hurt and Mr. Friedman held me around my shoulders and Jesse was sitting on the couch just relaxing and watching what his father was doing to me. The other boys were just watching and I was saying to myself to tell Mr. Friedman to get off of me. Mr. Friedman stopped after a while and then I pulled my pants and went back to my computer. One other thing that I remember that happened during the first

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session was that Jesse had gotten some of the sticky stuff from his penis on my shoulder. This was during the same time when Jesse had been pushing his penis into my behind. I come home and wiped it off my clothes. Now I want to talk about my second session again and about what Jesse did to me. Jesse came over to me and he told me to stand up and pull your pants down, this was on a different day in the beginning of the class but not the same day when his father did it to me. Anyway I stood up and Jesse pulled them down, my pants. Jesse said this to me, to pull my pants down and I said no. Jesse had his zipper undone and his penis was out, it was very hairy and gross looking. Jesse's penis was as hard as a rock. Jesse told me to bend over on one of the chairs in front of my computer. My hands were on the on the chair and Jesse put his hands on top of mine and then he tried to push his hard penis into my behind. The only way I can explain . . . was that it was like a popcycle trying to go into my behind. Jesse could not get it to work, get it into the hole in my behind. But the hole in my behind was too small. I also remember that after Jesse tried to do this to me, he stopped after a while and I don't remember crying out or anything. I just went back to my computer. I can also remember that Jesse and his father used to fight with each other, because Jesse used to scream at everyone and his

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father use to yell at him and then Jesse would do the same thing back to the father. I also remember in the first session that Mr. Friedman had tried to put his penis into _____ rear and also Jesse did this to him too and _____ screamed out and Jesse would cover his mouth. He had to do the same thing that I did by bending over the chairs too and holding on to the back of the chairs. I also remember that _____ was hit a lot by Mr. Friedman and Jesse and one time I remember on two times that Jesse pulled _____ pants down around his legs and he hit him in the behind. _____ cried out and he was told to be quiet and _____ would stop. I remember that _____ also had to touch both Mr. Friedman and Jesse's penises two times like everyone else did. I also remember _____, he had to pull his pants down to his knees and Mr. Friedman and Jesse spanked him at the same time and I also remember that Mr. Friedman tried on one day to put his penis into _____ behind, but _____ penis would not come down, so the could not get his pants down and Mr. Friedman, put his own penis back into his pants. Also one time I remember that _____ had to pull his pants down for Mr. Friedman and Mr. Friedman tried to put his penis into _____ behind. _____ screamed out Mom and Daddy and Mr. Friedman told him to shut up and be quiet. My mother, father and [the detectives] are here with me. Detective Merriweather is writing my story about

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Mr. Friedman and Jesse and the computer classes. I swear
this is the truth and all I can remember at this time.

Gary Meyers Interviewed by Detective Hatch and Detective Jones

Hatch: We've had kids who stated that they saw you and that you're involved, OK?

Jones: We want to go through this with you. Don't deny it yet. If you question twelve kids, you'll get 12 different answers. Take Arnie Friedman's own words. But he admitted this.

Gary: I didn't see it. I didn't hear it.

Jones: Arnold was under no obligation to admit, but he did. Why would Arnold Friedman admit to something that wasn't true. The kids know that he did it. Take Arnold's own words... I know it's impossible to speak to him now but he's openly admitted to this in an open courtroom. He said "I did it."

[Ann Meyers enters room and she is asked to leave]

Hatch: [REDACTED] and M. E. both say that they saw Gary engaged in it... Arnold Friedman did not have to admit this. No one put him in a dark room. He said it in open court with an attorney. He sodomized them. What I say to you as an intelligent human being is what did you say to that. He admitted he sodomized a lot of children

Gary: inaudible

Hatch: Arnold Friedman says in a courtroom in front of a judge... I'm not going to tell you, you tell us. What we're trying to determine is... Arnold Friedman in court says that he sodomized children ... The judge said that there are other children and exactly what he did.

[Inaudible discussion]

Hatch: We are trying to find out who the other victims are to help the parents and those children. Arnold Friedman will not be charged with any other additional charges. There's no axe to grind here. There's no axe to grind here. It was all stipulated in open court that there would be no further charges. One judge and the DA says no further charges will be made. Once the stipulation was made with the judge, no further charges will be made. What we want to do is to let the parents know if there are other children that we aren't aware of so that they can get psychological help for the children. We also learn how to deal with pedophiles and how they operate, how they operate and their method of seduction... Not one child came forward. Why? They were blackmailed. Sexual perversions if a person is sexually abused and wanted to keep your mouth shut and took photos and took notes and told you if you said anything to anyone you would be in worse trouble because they would show the picture -- what if the person was seven or eight years old... Could you imagine a copy to our mother, a copy to a smut magazine with the name and address to show that you were a pervert?

Gary: inaudible

Hatch: Did you know that much five years ago? I'm 43 years old and when I was seven I didn't know as much as I do now.

Gary: inaudible

Hatch: [angrily] I think you're very funny... No evidence to speculate anything happened... You're reasonably intelligent I wouldn't say you're a genius but you are reasonably intelligent. Arnold Friedman stipulated in court that he sodomized a large number of children.

Gary: No he never touched me.

Hatch: Oh, it happened to everyone else but not to you. How many sessions did you have at Friedman's.

Gary: 8 to 12.

Hatch: Arnold Friedman had a certain age group. Pre-adolescent males. He wouldn't be interested in a guy like you? You were nine years old and nothing happened? An eight year old, you don't know as much as you do at 13 years old. I'm saying to you, you went through a physical change. You look different at 13 than you did at 8. Because of that difference, Arnold Friedman no longer wanted you. Pedophiles are very selective. Like heterosexuals. Some like blondes some like brunettes. Arnold

Friedman liked eight-year-olds. You'll find out as you get older that certain things are true, certain things are lies. You denying this doesn't mean it didn't happen. Arnold Friedman admitted it and it's true. When young, impressionable children are running around....

Gary: inaudible question

Jones: Why don't you ask your sister if something happened? A lot of boys seem to have concerns about their own sexuality.

[Inaudible conversation between Meyers and Jones]

Hatch: What about a homosexual act over a period of years? Formative years? Would you consider that having an affect on a person's sexuality? Do you think that determines if you are a homosexual? If a person was involved in a homosexual act during preadolescent years after they are forced out of it do you think they would like it? What about a man who takes unfair advantage of children? If you are going to be a homosexual, you'll be a homosexual.

Gary: inaudible

Hatch: Well guess what? You are absolutely wrong. Most children who abuse children have been abused themselves. It's a monster created with in you. This little monster inside you. This little voice and every now and then it rears its ugly head. Unless the victim knows enough about the problem to get himself straightened out. If suppressed, it's a two-fold problem. One is anger and frustration. And the other is acting itself out. It's a no-win situation unless the person goes and gets help and admits that he was victimized. If something bad happens even though its not the kid's fault the child blames himself and feels tremendous guilt. We find, with help that they can see it's not their fault. And then the place the blame on the person who created the situation and then they are a lot better off. Don't over intimidate women. Don't over intimidate women. You're a super-smart intelligent individual. You'd have to be an idiot not to see this. To a child, you don't need a knife, guy or machete. The seduction in force can be very subtle. If Arnold Friedman took a small boy and put a very big guy over him, what do you think the little guy will do? There are children who would defy but a very small percentage. 90% would submit. Most kids would be intimidated. If a pedophile wants to get his goal accomplished, I'll have 10 or 12 kids in my class. I know the kids. I know those who I can intimidate and those I cannot. And I'll cut out those that I can't intimidate. Then I go to the next stage in the process and I might cut out even a few more. You might go so far, and then that's that. If you don't want to do something you won't. That's another stage. It's a process of elimination and psychology plays a big part. And then there are other methods other than intimidation. There's carrots and rewards. You are having so much fun and you're getting rewards. If you do something right, you get a reward. A candy bar, a pat on the back.

Do you remember games of a sexual nature? Stroker? Strip Poker? [checks notes] Exploding fists?

Gary: Exploding fists was a Karate Game.

Hatch: Did you ever see any porn magazines?

Gary: No

Hatch: Did you ever go to any other room in the house?

Gary: Yes.

Hatch: What room?

Gary: Jesse's bedroom to play with the Commodore computer and nothing happened.

Hatch: Did Jesse help with the classes?

Gary: no answer

Hatch: Did Gary Meyers ever take a special SAT class? Who was in the class? [REDACTED]

?

Hatch: Did you ever see a magazine called Gallery Magazine?

Gary: No

Hatch: [calls Ann Meyers back into the room] Gary was a wise guy and I didn't like his answer.

End

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10-16-89

Statement of Jennifer Rosen

My name is Jennifer Rosen. I am 7 years old. My birthday is February 15th. I live at 24 Plucker Fox Hillsdale with my mom dad, grandma and grandpa. I am in the second grade at the York Lane School and last year I was in 1st grade and my teacher's name was Miss Sherk.

I remember last year when I was in first grade Mr. Bob was my bus driver. Some of the boys and girls on my bus were Melinda, Jimmy Toke, Nicky Guarden, Jill & Keith Connell, Chris Carston, Abbey & Marissa, David & Daniel Harri, Chris Schaffer, Cara Baum, Steven Pipitone, and Tracy Nancy Lima, John Cosmo, Linda & Douglass and Yee Yee Lin.

A few weeks after school started I saw Mr. Bob stop & two other kids private parts. I saw him first touch Marissa's private parts. Mr. Bob had candy day and he would

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Jennifer Rosen
Father

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make all of us line up on the bus as
 to dance as hardy. He gave us lollipops,
 candy canes, nuts and gum. Mr. Bob
 would ~~take~~ ^{take} me to school in the
 morning and he also drove me home un-
 less my mom drove me from dancing
 class. One day I was sitting in
 the 5th seat on the bus. Mr. Bob
 was driving and he pulled the bus over
 to the side of the road in front of
 someone's house. Mr. Bob walked back
 to where I was sitting and Melinda was
 sitting next to me. Mr. Bob put his hand
 down the front of my pants and touched
 my private parts (penis & vagina). Melinda
 saw what Mr. Bob did to me. One day
 around the middle of the school year
 Mr. Bob walked to the back of the bus
 to where I was sitting on the bus. Mr. Bob
 told me to stand up and I did. He pulled
 my pants and underpants down. He touched my
 thiney first and he told me to bend over.
 He put his pee-pee in my thiney. Another
 time, Mr. Bob told me to lay on the floor
 of the bus on my back. He put his penis
 in my thiney.

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 Jennifer Rose
 Richard D. Rosen Father

page 3

in my mouth. It tasted funny. It was gross and it smelled of pee-pee. It was hard as a rock and I just couldn't bite it. A few times Mr. Bob would bring me home late from school because he would go to Carvel first and buy us ice cream. I never told anyone what Mr. Bob did because I was scared. Mr. Bob told me he would kill my parents if I said anything. One day I went to my teacher and her name was Miss Schuck and I told her that there were funny things happening on my bus but she didn't do anything about it. I also told my daddy that Mr. Bob had put sticks of dynamite on my bus. He saw them in the closet and he had taken them off them.

I am giving this story to Detective Nym who is writing it for me. I know the difference between telling the truth and a lie. I saw you have to tell the police the truth. I once told Detective Nym the truth about Mr. 2nd my bus driver. Detective Nym has read this story to me with my parents and I have signed my name. 2nd N. Nym 4/4/86

Jennipher Nym
A-1534
Richard P. Rosen, Father

COUNTY OF NASSAU

Inter-Departmental Memo

To: Sgt. Galasso, Sex Crimes Squad
Nassau County Police Department

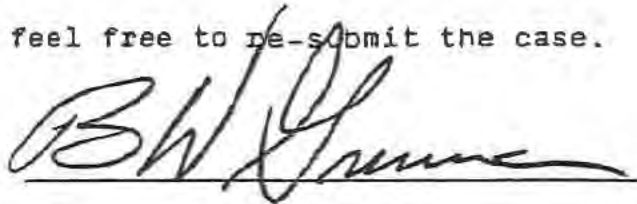
From: Barry W. Grennan, Chief
Major Offense Bureau

Date: February 15, 1989

Subject: [REDACTED]

Be advised I have reviewed the above-captioned case as requested for possible presentation to a Grand Jury. It is my opinion that there is insufficient evidence at this time to present the case to a Grand Jury.

Should further evidence develop, feel free to re-submit the case.



BWG:sw

*Ntfd. 1620 hrs 2/15/89 - Left Message Not there.
[REDACTED] called and I gave
her details regarding [REDACTED] she
said she was calling for Barry Grennan.*



A-1535

[REDACTED]

HON. HERBERT LIPP
NASSAU COUNTY COURT JUDGE,
SITTING AS A LOCAL CRIMINAL COURT
----- X

In the Matter of the Application of

WILLIAM HATCH

AFFIDAVIT

A detective of the Nassau County Police
Department, Shield No. 402, assigned to
the Sex Crimes Squad.
----- X

STATE OF NEW YORK)
 : ss.:
COUNTY OF NASSAU)

I, WILLIAM HATCH, being duly sworn, depose and
say:

That I am a detective in the Nassau County Police
Department, Shield No. 402, presently assigned to the Sex
Crimes Squad. I have been a member of the Nassau County
Police Department for approximately nineteen (19) years.
I investigate numerous cases involving sexual assaults of
a myriad variety.

On the morning of November 4, 1987 I was notified
by Detective Sgt. Socher of the District Attorney's Squad
that his squad had assisted the United States Postal Inspectors
in the execution of a United States District Court (Eastern
District) search warrant of the residence of ARNOLD and ELAINE
FRIEDMAN, located at 17 Picadilly Road, Great Neck, New York.
I was advised that Postal Inspector John McDermott was in
charge of the case. The search warrant ordered the seizure
of all photographs, magazines, books, video tapes and other
unusual depictions of children engaging in sexually explicit

conduct, along with letters, envelopes, files, correspondence, personal computer discs, etc., relating to the distribution and receipt of child pornography.

I was in contact with Postal Inspector McDermott and he stated that approximately twenty (20) magazines illustrating nude photos of pre-adolescent and teenage males in various sexual poses were found in the FRIEDMAN house. Along with the magazines were discovered various pamphlets, booklets and brochures depicting boys in nude and sexual poses.

It was further discovered during the search that the FRIEDMAN's had one floor of their home set up like a nursery school with small tables, chairs, toys, and games. Photographs of this room were provided to me by Inspector McDermott along with photographs of the booklets and magazines. (See attached photos.) Lists of names and phone numbers were also present and confiscated.

I was advised by Postal Inspector McDermott that the postal authorities have been investigating Mr. FRIEDMAN since July, 1984 when they were notified by the United States Custom Service that he was receiving "kiddie porn" through the mail. I was further advised that an undercover operation was launched by the postal authorities and "kiddie porn" was exchanged between ARNOLD FRIEDMAN and the postal inspectors.

On the afternoon of November 4, 1987 I notified Sgt. Galasso of these facts and an investigation was begun by the Sex Crimes Squad. It was noted from the lists confiscated that most of the students listed were boys.

Jones, Shield No. 494 and myself were present at the home of Mr. and Mrs. [REDACTED] who resided in Great Neck Estates. Mr. and Mrs. [REDACTED] have three sons: [REDACTED] 14 years old [REDACTED] 12 years old; and [REDACTED] 10 years old. I interviewed all three boys and found that both [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] had been abused. Both boys stated that they were shown books and pictures of nude males and were read stories from these books by Mr. FRIEDMAN. Both boys stated that Mr. FRIEDMAN would fondle their buttocks while they looked on or he read them these books.

I was also advised by [REDACTED] that he was photograph by Mr. FRIEDMAN while he was in the upstairs bathroom with a younger boy of the class. The younger boy was "sitting on the commode with his pants down holding his balls" and [REDACTED] was coming out of the bathroom when the photo was taken.

[REDACTED] stated that Mr. FRIEDMAN had fondled his buttocks and had also taken him into a room, off the classroom where there was a big desk with a computer terminal on top.

[REDACTED] stated that Mr. FRIEDMAN took a "small like cable box" and plugged it into the computer. The figure of a man came on the computer screen. The figure was first of a man showing only from the neck to the head. Mr. FRIEDMAN typed questions into the computer and the man would answer. Mr. FRIEDMAN would type in "do you like penises?" The man would answer audibly "If I were gay, I'd like penises." Mr. FRIEDMAN would then roll a switch on the cable box and then the man

would be shown from the waist to the head. [REDACTED] described the man has having on a shirt that was unbuttoned down the front. He said the man didn't wear an undershirt and had a hairy chest.

Darryn further stated that Mr. FRIEDMAN would say to the boys, "You guys mustn't tell anyone about these books". At the end of the class he would give the boys computer games to take home as a reward for keeping quiet.

I also interviewed [REDACTED] who indicated to me that he observed copies of "Playgirl Magazine" in Mr. FRIEDMAN's office.

All three of the aforementioned boys attended Mr. FRIEDMAN's computer school. They would attend there after their regular school day during the week.

On the afternoon of November 13, 1987 I informed Sgt. Galasso that the list of names that Det. Wallene Jones had compiled totaled approximately eighty-one (81).

Furthermore, I have had conversations with Det. Alex Armstrong, Shield No. 8, assigned to the District Attorney Squad and also Det. Anthony Squeglia, Shield No. 334, presently assigned to the Sex Crimes Squad, concerning this case. Det. Armstrong has advised me of what observations he made during the course of the issuance of a federal search warrant at Mr. FRIEDMAN's home. (See Det. Armstrong's affidavit attached hereto.) Det. Squeglia has further advised me of the conversations he had with two students at Mr. FRIEDMAN's school, namely [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] (See Det. Squeglia's

Based upon information and belief both ARNOLD FRIEDMAN and his wife are presently continuing to teach young boys computer training at their home located at 17 Picadilly Road, Great Neck, New York.

Based upon my experience, the property sought by this search warrant may be easily and quickly destroyed or disposed of. During my training as a Nassau County Police Officer I have been involved in the quick magnetic erasure of various tapes and discs. These tapes and discs may be immediately erased on a computer at the touch of a button. I anticipate that if the FRIEDMANS are aware of our presence and purpose they will destroy the evidence sought to be obtained by this warrant. Based upon conversations with some of the students' parents it appears that Mr. FRIEDMAN is aware of our investigation and is attempting to obstruct it.

WHEREFORE, your affiant respectfully requests that a search warrant be issued authorizing your affiant or any other police officer of the Nassau County Police Department to enter the premises known and described as the single family, detached dwelling, located at 17 Picadilly Road, Great Neck, New York, and therein search for and seize any sexual devices, photographs, magazines, books, film, audio tapes, video tapes and other unusual depictions of children engaging in sexually explicit conduct and letters, envelopes, files, correspondence notes, lists of students, lists of pornographic distributors, personal computer discs, and the personal computers needed to read the computer discs relating to pornography all of

which are being used in connection with and are evidence
of violations of Article 235, 263 and 260 of the Penal Law
of the State of New York.

WILLIAM HATCH

Sworn to before me this 24th
day of November, 1987

HON. HERBERT LIPP

(516) 466-2663
(716) 746-1900

DOUGLAS H. KRIEGER
ATTORNEY AT LAW

98 CUTTER MILL ROAD, GREAT NECK, N. Y. 11021

April 11, 1988

Assistant District Attorney Joseph Onorato
Major Offense Bureau
Nassau County District Attorney's Office
262 Old Country Road
Mineola, NY 11501

Re: People v. Jesse Friedman
Indictments No. 67104 & 67430

Dear Mr. Onorato:

In order to adequately, properly and effectively make motions and prepare this case for trial I respectfully ask that the information, documents and tangible objects hereinafter requested be provided to me as attorney for Arnold Friedman. It is my view that the requested information is essential to a proper defense and that without such information the defendant cannot be expected to adequately prepare for or conduct his defense. Therefore, in accordance with Criminal Procedure Law -- Article 240 and the constitutional requirements set forth in Brady v. Maryland, 373 U.S. 83 (1963), Giglio v. United States, 405 U.S. 150 (1972) and United States v. Agurs, 427 U.S. 97 (1976), I ask the prosecution to particularize, furnish or permit discovery, inspection and the right to copy the information, documents and tangible objects described herein.

BILL OF PARTICULARS

The Defendant requests the following bill of particulars:

1. As to each count of each indictment:
 - a) the precise dates, times, and locations of the alleged criminal acts:
 - (i) as to location, if the act occurred within the Friedman house, specify the room where it occurred;
 - (ii) as to dates and times, insofar as many

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Assistant District Attorney
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counts span over a 3 or 4 month period, specify the month or week in which the act occurred, if a more precise date cannot be furnished.

- b) Identify by name and date of birth every person present in the room where the alleged act occurred during the commission thereof, including the "children" "touched" by defendant in the counts 49 and 53 of the 1987 indictment and the "boys" referred to in counts 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 48, 51, 52, 53, 56, 57, 58, 59, 63, 64, 65, 67, 80, 81, 82, and 83 of the 1988 indictment.
- c) Identify by name and date of birth every person present in the Friedman house during the commission of the alleged act.
- d) Specify the dates that the complainants brought the alleged acts to the attention of law enforcement officers.
- e) As to each complainant, specify the nature of the courses or lessons he was taking from at the Friedman house.
 - (i) specify the date that the complainant commenced the course or lessons, and the date he terminated the course or lessons;
 - (ii) specify, as to each complainant, and each course or lesson, whether the complainant was studying alone or in a group. If in a group, state the number of students present.
- f) As to each criminal act alleged, specify the role played by every person present during the alleged commission of the act.
- g) Describe the particularity the relationships between the complainants; between the witnesses referred to in the indictment; and between the complainants and those witnesses:
 - (i) set forth any familial relationships;
 - (ii) state what school and grade each complainant and witness attended during the periods alleged in the indictment.

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- h) As to each act alleged in the indictment, state what clothing, if any, the victim was wearing during the alleged act, and what clothing, if any, the defendant(s) were wearing during the alleged act.
2. As to counts 4 and 5 of the 1987 indictment describe how the allegations in these counts differ from each other.
 3. As to counts 15 and 16 of the 1987 indictment describe how the allegations in these counts differ from each other.
 4. State whether Daniel Doe attended any courses or lessons at the Friedman house in the months of July and August 1986.
 5. As to counts 41, 44 and 67, of the 1987 indictment, state whether the "several boys" were physically injured in any manner, and describe any such injuries.
 6. As to count 46 and 52, state whether Edward Doe was physically injured in any manner, and if so describe his injuries.
 7. As to counts 41, 44, 46, 52 and 67, describe the precise manner in which the defendant and/or Arnold Friedman is alleged to have hit the several boys, or Edward Doe.
 8. As to each and every count referring to "children" "boys" or "several boys," state how many children or boys were the subject of the defendant's alleged acts.

DISCOVERY AND INSPECTION

1. Any written or recorded statements made by the defendant or copies thereof, within the possession, custody or control of the prosecution the existence of which is known or by the exercise of due diligence may become known to the Government. This request calls for discovery of written or recorded statements and recordings of defendant's conversations by any means of mechanical recordation or electronic surveillance whether made before or after arrest and/or indictment and whether or not in response to interrogation. The term "statements" includes "substantially verbatim" as well as "mere summary" statements and encompasses defendant's statements in whatever form preserved. This request also calls for

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discovery of the time, place and circumstances of such statements.

2. The substance of any oral statement made by the defendant, whether before or after arrest: (a) during a conversation with any person who in fact was an agent of law enforcement or informer or who is now a prosecution witness, or (b) in response to interrogation by any person then known to the defendant to be an agent of law enforcement. This request is designed to reach those statements by the defendant which have not been preserved in any writing or recording. This request also calls for discovery of the time, place and circumstances of such statements.

3. Any recorded testimony of the defendant before a governmental agency, entity or instrumentality or before any state or federal grand jury.

4. The defendant's prior criminal record, if any, as is within the possession, custody, or control of the prosecution, the existence of which is known or by the exercise of due diligence may become known to the prosecution.

5. Any books, papers, documents, photographs, tangible objects, buildings or places, or copies or portions thereof, which are within the possession, custody, or control of the prosecution and which are material to the preparation of the defense. This request includes, but is not limited to, any of the above-mentioned which came into the possession, custody or control of the prosecution by subpoena, seizure or request directed to: (a) any person whom the prosecution intends to call as a witness at trial; and (b) any corporation, partnership, employee organization, pension fund, financial institution, enterprise or other association wherein a person whom the prosecution intends to call as a witness at trial was an officer, employee, agent, member, trustee, association, partner or had an interest therein. This request also specifically includes, but is not limited to, any books, records or other documentation within the possession, custody, or control of the prosecution having to do with the financial or business activity or any witness the prosecution intends to call at trial.

6. Any books, papers, documents, photographs, tangible objects, buildings or copies of portions thereof which are within the possession, custody, or control of the prosecution and which are intended for use by them as evidence at trial.

7. Any books, papers, documents, photographs,

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tangible objects, copies or portions thereof which are within the possession, custody or control of the prosecution and which were obtained from or belong to the defendant, or a co-defendant or a co-conspirator, or over which it is claimed that the defendant, co-defendant or a co-conspirator exercised dominion or control. This request includes but is not limited to all photographs and video discs referred to in the indictment.

8. Any books, papers, documents, photographs, tangible objects, buildings or places or copies thereof which are within the possession, custody, or control of the prosecution that: (a) are referred to in the indictment; (b) related to any statement of fact in the indictment; (c) constitute the fruits or means of perpetrating any of the offenses set forth in the indictment; or (d) were presented to the grand jury in its investigation of the criminal offense or offenses referred to in the indictment.

Regarding items 5 through 8, state which of the books, papers, documents, photographs, tangible objects, etc. in the prosecutions' actual or constructive possession were seized as a result of: (a) search warrants, (b) arrest warrants, or (c) no warrants. Kindly provide copies of all such warrants and a fully listing of all items seized.

9. All results or reports of physical or mental examinations and of scientific tests or experiments, or copies thereof, which are within the possession, custody or control of the prosecution, the existence of which is known or by the exercise of due diligence may become known to the prosecution or agent for the prosecution and which may be either: (a) material to the preparation of the defense, or (b) intended for use by the prosecution as evidence at trial.

10. All charts, summaries or calculations reflecting the contents of complex or columinous writings which may be either (a) material to the preparation of the defense, or (b) intended for use by the prosecution as evidence at the trial.

11. A written list of the names, addresses and qualifications of all experts the prosecution intends to call as witnesses at trial, together with all reports made by such experts, or if reports have not been made, a brief description of the opinion and subject matter of the opinion to which each is to testify.

12. Any documents reflecting or relating to any wire communications or oral communications intercepted by the prosecution to which the defendant was a party or during

Joseph Onorato
Assistant District Attorney
April 11, 1988
Page 6

which the defendant was present, or which were obtained by interceptions directed against the defendant, or to which any witness the prosecution intends to call at trial was a party, whether or not such interceptions were authorized or lawful. the terms "wire communications," "oral communication," and "interception" are used here as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 2510 and Article 700 of the CPL. This request includes one-party "consent" tapes. The request includes, without limitation, logs, transcripts and tapes of the intercepted communications, a list of all communications to which the defendant has been identified as a party, all applications to the court and orders of the court with respect thereto, all inventory orders, inventories and reports of service thereof, and competent evidence of all the facts and circumstances concerning the authorization for the applications to intercept any wire communications involved in this case.

13. The date, time and place of every occasion on which any surveillance, mail cover, search and/or seizure, whether electronic, photographic, mechanical, visual, aural or any other type was made of defendant, together with all documents, photographs, recordings, or other materials resulting from or reflecting or relating to such occasions, including but not limited to any and all affidavits, warrants, inventories and returns.

14. State whether the prosecution or any law enforcement agency attempted any identification of the defendant by means of a show-up or photographic display. If so, please state the dates, times and places of such activities; the means employed; the names of the individual or individuals conducting the procedure; the results of the efforts and the name and address of any individual who was asked to attempt an identification. Where the results of the procedure were recorded on tape, film or written report, kindly provide counsel with a copy thereof.

15. State whether any individual stated that he or she would be unable to identify or describe the defendant or person whom a law enforcement agency believed to be the defendant. If such was the case, set forth the name, address and statement of such individual, either as recorded or as best recalled by the interviewer. Set forth any description of the defendant furnished to a law enforcement agency by any individual who allegedly witnessed the events in the indictment, which description is in any way contrary to the defendant's actual appearance.

16. Any and all written or oral statements or utterances -- formal or informal -- made to the prosecution, its agents and representatives by any person whom the

Joseph Onorato
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April 11, 1988
Page 7

prosecution intends to call as a witness at trial, which statements are in any way contrary to the testimony or expected testimony of that person or any other person whom the prosecution intends to call as a witness at trial or which otherwise reflect upon the credibility, competency, bias or motive of any prosecution witness. Included in this request, for example, are the names of any individuals who were students of the defendant's during the time period of the charges in the indictment, who stated that they had not witnessed the alleged crimes.

17. All statements, trial testimony, grand jury testimony and handwritten or informal notes or interviews in the possession, custody or control of the prosecution which were made by any person who was a witness or is a prospective witness in this case which was made or given either: (a) prior to the time such person was a prospective witness in this case, or (b) in connection with an investigation or proceeding other than this case.

18. It is specifically requested that the prosecution advise all agents who have participated in the investigation of this case that any and all handwritten notes made by them not be destroyed.

19. Please inform us, either by furnishing the pertinent documents or otherwise, or any and all evidence of criminal conduct -- state and federal -- on the part of any person whom the prosecution intends to call as a witness at trial of which the prosecution, its agents and representatives have become aware.

20. Please inform us, either by furnishing the pertinent documents or otherwise, of any and all promises, understandings or agreements, formal or informal, between the prosecution, its agents and representatives and to persons (including counsel for such persons) whom the prosecution intends to call as witnesses at trial, together with copies of all documentation pertaining thereto. This request includes, but is not limited to, such promises, understandings, or agreements as may have been made in connection with other cases or investigations. This request includes information concerning any payment of moneys or other valuable consideration to any prospective witness.

21. Please inform us, either by furnishing the pertinent documents or otherwise, of any and all evidence that any person who is a prosecution witness or prospective prosecution witness in this case is or was suffering from any physical or mental disability or emotional disturbance, drug addiction or alcohol addiction or is or was under the care of a psychiatrist, psychologist, counselor or social

Joseph Onorato
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Page 8

worker at any time during the period of the indictment to the present.

22. Any and all statements -- formal or informal -- oral or written -- by the prosecution, its agents and representatives to any person (including counsel for such persons) whom the prosecution intends to call as a witness at trial pertaining in any government action -- state or federal, civil or criminal -- or immigration matters against that witness, or anyone related by blood or marriage to that witness, or person associated in business with that witness or any corporation, partnership, joint venture, or other association employing that witness in which that witness has an interest.

23. The names and addresses of all persons whom the prosecution, its agents and representatives believe have relevant knowledge and/or information with reference to the charges contained in the indictment and whom the prosecution does not intend to call as witnesses at trial.

24. Set forth as precisely as possible the date, time and place of any utterances, statements or actions by any defendant or co-conspirator upon which the prosecution intends to rely at trial in order to establish the offense or offenses charged in the indictment.

25. Identify by name and address all persons said to have been present at or who claim to have personal knowledge of the utterances, statements, representations, or actions of any defendant or co-conspirator upon which the prosecution intends to rely at trial to establish the offenses charged in the indictment.

26. Kindly inform us of the names of any witnesses or prospective witnesses in this case who are or have been in the Federal Witness Protection Program or any other comparable protective program or situation, custodial or otherwise, and furnish all documents pertaining to any offers by the prosecution to any witness or prospective witness to enter such program.

27. A list of all documents used or obtained or written in connection with the investigation preceding the indictment that the prosecution and its agents destroyed, for whatever reason, including but not limited to, rough notes of interviews, reports, notes, memoranda, subpoenaed documents, and other documents.

28. A written list of the names and addresses of all prosecution witnesses which the attorney for the prosecution intends to call in the presentation of its case-in-chief,

Joseph Onorato
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April 11, 1988
Page 9

together with any record of prior convictions of any such witnesses which is within the possession, custody or control of the prosecution, the existence of which is known or by the exercise of the diligence may become known to the Government.

29. Any statements or documents, including but not limited to grand jury testimony and federal, state and local tax returns made or executed by any potential prosecution witness at the trial of this action which the prosecution knows, or through reasonable diligence should have reason to know, is false.

30. Any statements reflecting, relating or referring to any discussion or conversation in which the prosecution or any government agent suggested that an individual might possibly be afforded more favorable treatment in any regard in the event such individual offered evidence against the defendant. This request includes a list of the dates, times and places of each such occurrence and the names of the persons, including counsel, who were present.

31. A list of all persons, and their counsel, who were asked by the prosecution or its representatives whether they or their clients would and/or could implicate the defendant in any criminal wrongdoing.

32. Please inform us of all judicial proceedings in any criminal cases involving (as a witness, unindicted co-conspirator, defendant or respondent) any person who is a potential prosecution witness at the trial of this action.

33. Any and all actions, promises or efforts -- formal or informal -- on the part of the prosecution, its agents and representatives to aid, assist or obtain benefits of any kind for any person whom the prosecution considers a potential witness at trial, or a member of the immediate family of such witness, or for the corporation, partnership, unincorporated association or business employing such potential witness in which the witness is an employee, director, shareholder, trustee, partner, member, agent or servant. This request includes, but is not limited to: (a) letter to anyone informing the recipient of the witness' cooperation; (b) recommendations concerning federal or state aid or benefits; (c) recommendations concerning licensing, certification or registration; (d) promises to take affirmative action to help the status of a witness in a profession, business or employment or promises not to jeopardize such status; (e) aid or efforts in securing or maintaining the business or employment of a witness; (f) aid or efforts concerning a new identity for the witness and his family, together with all other actions incidental thereto;

Joseph Onorato
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Page 10

(g) direct payments of money or other valuable consideration or subsidies to the witness; or (h) any other activities, efforts or promises similar in kind or related to the items listed in (a)-(g) above.

34. In addition to the information and material requested above, any documents, books, papers, photographs, scientific tests or experiments, tangible objects, written or recorded statements of anyone, grand jury transcripts and oral statements of anyone, reports, memoranda, names and addresses of persons, or other evidence or information which either tends to exculpate the defendant or tends to be favorable or useful to the defense as to either guilt or punishment or tends to affect the weight or credibility of the evidence to be presented against the defendant or which will lead to evidence favorable to or exculpatory of the defendant which is within the possession, custody, or control of the prosecution the existence of which is known or by the exercise of due diligence may become known to the Government.

35. All photographs, films, and/or videotapes taken in connection with this case.

36. State whether the prosecution intends to introduce evidence of "similar acts" or judgments or conviction against the defendant or any co-defendant or co-conspirator. If such is the prosecution's intent, please provide the following: (a) a summary of the act or acts to be introduced; (b) the name, address and position of the witness through whom such testimony is to be introduced; (c) a copy of any and all documents intended to be offered; and (d) the legal basis that the prosecution contends supports the introduction of such evidence.

37. All documents and other information relating, referring to, containing, reflecting, or suggesting any bias or hostility by any witness for the prosecution toward any defendant or co-conspirator or any other factor bearing on the credibility of any such witness.

38. All videotapes, recordings, transcripts, photographs, diagrams, charts or other demonstrative evidence to be offered by the prosecution in the trial of this case or which relate to the offenses charged.

39. A list of the names and addresses of all persons interviewed by any prosecuting attorney, police officer, detective, postal inspector, FBI agent, or any other agent or employee of any law enforcement agency in connection with the investigation of this case or relating to the offenses charged, whether before or after the return of the

Joseph Onorato
Assistant District Attorney
April 11, 1988
Page 11

indictment(s) and whether or not such interview was reduced to a written or recorded report.

40. All notes, transcriptions, or recordings or any interview or statement of any person made by any government attorney, postal inspector, FBI or any other agent or employee of the District Attorney in connection with the investigation of this case relating to the offenses charged, whether before or after the return of the indictment(s) and whether or not reduced to a written or recorded report.

41. All statements, interviews, and reports of any person, written or oral, made to any prosecuting attorney, police officer, detective, postal inspector, FBI agent or any other agent or employee of any law enforcement agency in connection with the investigation of this case relating to the offense or offenses charged, whether before or after the return of the indictment(s).

42. Kindly advise us whether any prosecution witness or prospective prosecution witness was hypnotized or subjected to any similar procedure designed to elicit factual information and, if so, please provide:

- (a) A copy of any written, recorded or oral statement made by such person during such procedure;
- (b) Any videotapes made in connection with such procedure; and
- (c) The identities of the person or persons participating in such procedure either as a subject or as a witness.

43. Kindly advise us whether any prosecution witness or prospective prosecution witness was interviewed by law enforcement agents with the assistance of any psychiatrist, psychologist, counselor, social worker, "validator," etc. in connection with the charges in this indictment. If so, please provide names, dates and circumstances.

Each of the foregoing requests is of a continuing nature and call for supplementation of any answer as soon as the prosecution discovers additional evidence, information or material. In addition, each request and each paragraph of this letter is specifically sought under the rule of Brady v. Maryland, supra, and this Brady material must be made available to the accused as soon as it should be evident to the prosecution that information or material in its possession falls within the ambit of the rule. If your understanding of the applicable law differs from ours with respect to this matter and if the prosecution possesses

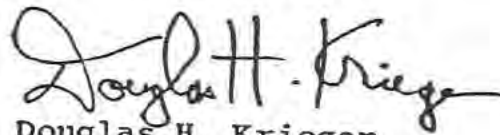
Joseph Onorato
Assistant District Attorney
April 11, 1988
Page 12

or comes into possession or Brady material, it is respectfully requested that you advise us immediately so that the matter may be ruled on by the court.

44. Provide copies of all press releases issued in connection with this case.

It is requested that you respond in writing to this letter as soon as possible and that you respond to each paragraph of this letter. Please state whatever information, documents and materials you are willing to provide and which types of disclosure you decline to provide and the reasons for your declination. It is respectfully requested that you respond within ten days of receipt of this letter.

Very truly yours,


Douglas H. Krieger

DHK/kc
cc: Hon. Abbey L. Boklan

D.A.'S OFF. (F.D.)

88 APR 14 4:31 PM

RECEIVED

A-1553

DENIS DILLON
DISTRICT ATTORNEY



OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY

NASSAU COUNTY
262 OLD COUNTRY ROAD
MINEOLA, NEW YORK 11501
TELEPHONE (516) 535-3800

April 18, 1988

Douglas H. Krieger, Esq.
98 Cutter Mill Road
Great Neck, NY 11021

Re: People v. JESSE FRIEDMAN
Indictment #67104 - #67430

Dear Mr. Krieger:

Please be advised that I am in receipt of the Demand to Produce that you served upon our Office in connection with the above-mentioned case. In connection therewith, please note the following:

BILL OF PARTICULARS

- 1a) As to the precise dates of the criminal acts, please see the indictment. As to the times of the criminal acts, said crimes occurred during the afternoons. As to the locations of the criminal acts, they occurred inside 17 Piccadilly Road, Great Neck, New York. Please note that the Criminal Procedure Law, Section 240.20 subdivision 1(i) merely requires the People to provide the approximate date, time and place of the offense charged.
- b) As to the names and dates of birth of every person present in the room at the time of the commission of the acts the People are under no obligation to disclose to the defense the names of its witnesses. Matter of Vergari v. Kendall, 46 AD 2d 679 (1974).
- c) See paragraph 1b) above.
- d) The dates that the victims brought the acts to the attention of law enforcement officials is not the proper subject of a Demand to Produce. See Criminal Procedure Law Section 240.20.

- Page Two -

- e) The People are under no obligation to provide defense counsel with such information pursuant to a Demand to Produce. With reference to the nature of the courses or lessons each victim was taking from the defendant, their commencement and their termination, the defendant himself is in the best position to know this information.
- f) The defendant is not entitled to the People's theory of proof. People v. Einhom, 75 Misc. 2d 83 (1973).
- g) The People are under no obligation to provide defense counsel with the relationship that exists between the victims and witnesses. The school and grade each victim and witness attended is irrelevant and not the proper subject of a Demand to Produce.
- h) As to the clothing worn by the defendant and the victim during the course of the criminal acts, such a request is not the proper subject of a Demand to Produce. See Criminal Procedure Law Section 240.20.
- 2) The counts listed specify separate and distinct times that the crimes occurred.
- 3) See paragraph 2) above.
- 4) The material requested is not the proper subject of a Demand to Produce pursuant to Criminal Procedure Law Section 240.20.
- 5) See paragraph 4) above.
- 6) See paragraph 4) above.
- 7) See paragraph 4) above.
- 8) See paragraph 4) above.

DISCOVERY AND INSPECTION

- 1. See People's Voluntary Disclosure Form where said information has already been provided.
- 2. See paragraph 1. above.
- 3. See People's Voluntary Disclosure Form where said information has already been provided.

- Page Three -

The People are unaware at this time of any prior criminal record of the defendant.

5. The People oppose this overly broad request as not the proper subject of a Demand to Produce. See Criminal Procedure Law Section 240.20. As previously noted on the People's Voluntary Disclosure Form, the People will provide counsel for the defendant with the opportunity to inspect any photographs made in connection with this case as well as the property seized in connection with the search warrant.
6. See paragraph 5. listed above.
7. See paragraph 5. listed above.
8. See paragraph 5. listed above. A copy of the search warrant as well as a copy of the return on the search warrant has already been provided to counsel for the defendant.
9. No such reports exist at the present time.
10. See paragraph 5. listed above.
11. See paragraph 5. listed above.
12. No such material was prepared in the preparation of this case.
13. Members of the Nassau County Police Department executed a search warrant at the home of the defendant on November 25, 1987 at approximately 2:00 p.m. As previously indicated, counsel will be afforded the opportunity to inspect the items seized pursuant to that warrant.
14. Please see People's Voluntary Disclosure Form, paragraph 9. which has already indicated that no such procedure has taken place.
15. No individual has stated that he or she would be unable to identify or describe the defendant.
16. The defendant is not entitled to any statements made by the People's witnesses until the proper time, namely after the jury is selected. See People v. Rosario. With reference to the names of students of the defendant, the defendant himself is in the best position to know their identity.
17. See paragraph 16. listed above as to the proper time that said statements will be turned over to the defense.

- Page Four -

18. The People are mindful of their obligations pursuant to the Criminal Procedure Law and the Constitution of the State of New York and of the United States of America.
19. The People are unaware of any evidence of prior criminal conduct of the child witnesses. Should any such information become available, it will be provided to the defendant.
20. The People have made no promises, understandings or agreements with anyone with respect to this case.
21. The material requested is not the proper subject of a Demand to Produce, pursuant to Criminal Procedure Law, Section 240.20.
22. See paragraph 21. listed above.
23. The People possess no such information.
24. As previously indicated, the defendant made no statements in connections with this case.
25. See paragraph 24. listed above.
26. Upon information and belief, none of the People's witnesses have been in the Federal Witness Protection Program or any other comparable protective program.
27. Neither the prosecution nor its agents have destroyed any material in connection with this case.
28. As previously stated, the names and addresses of all witnesses to the crimes listed in the indictment, is not the proper subject of a Demand to Produce, pursuant to Criminal Procedure Law, Section 240.20. With reference to a record of prior convictions of any of the People's witnesses, see paragraph 19, listed above.
29. The defendant is not entitled to any statements or documents presented to the Grand Jury in connection with this case. As to tax returns, based upon information and belief, none of the child victims has filed a tax return.
30. No such material exists.
31. Based upon information and belief, no such material exists.
32. See paragraph 31. listed above.
33. See paragraph 31. listed above.

- Page Five -

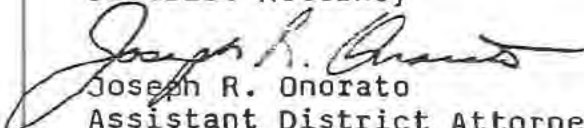
34. As to evidence tending to be exculpatory to the defendant such is not now known upon information and belief gained from the files of the District Attorney's Office to be in existence. Should such evidence become available, it will be furnished to the defendant pursuant to Brady v. Maryland.
35. See People's Voluntary Disclosure Form wherein the People have already agreed to provide the defendant with the opportunity to examine said material.
36. The prosecution does not intend to introduce evidence of similar acts or judgments of conviction against the defendant at this time. Should the People elect to do so, the defendant will be provided with the adequate notice as provided by law.
37. See paragraph 31. listed above.
38. Said request is not the proper subject of a Demand to Produce, pursuant to Criminal Procedure Law, Section 240.20.
39. See paragraph 38. listed above.
40. See paragraph 38. listed above.
41. See paragraph 38. listed above.
42. Based upon information and belief, none of the prosecution witnesses or prospective witnesses was hypnotized or subjected to any similar procedure designed to elicit factual information.
43. See paragraph 38. listed above.
44. See paragraph 38. listed above.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me at 535-3739.

Finally, I take this opportunity to remind you that at the time your client was arraigned on these indictments, the Office of the District Attorney served upon your client its own Demand to Produce which was returnable within 20 days. Accordingly, I look forward to any cross discovery to the extent that it is applicable in the instant case.

Very truly yours,

DENIS DILLON
District Attorney


Joseph R. Onorato
Assistant District Attorney
Major Offense Bureau

JRO/sw

A-1558

APP.



THEODORE W. O'NEILL

PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR

123 Grove Avenue

Suite 107

Cedarhurst, New York 11516-2302

Licensed & Bonded
516 295-0861

I, SE, attended a meeting at Temple Beth-El of Great Neck, on Wednesday, November 16, 1988. The subject matter of this meeting was "Sexual Abuse of Children".

I arrived at the parking lot of the Temple at approximately 7:45 p.m. There was a small, two-door car parked in the lot, with two (2) males in the front seat. The car had bumper stickers on the rear bumper. The two men in the car seemed to be kissing each other at the time when I got out of my car.

There were approximately two hundred (200) chairs set up in the room where the meeting was held; about 40-45 people were present. Most of the attendees were female.

I turned my tape recorder on inside of my pocketbook when I overheard someone ask the Rabbi if it was okay if he taped the meeting. The Rabbi said it was, so I took out my recorder and put it on top of the empty seat beside me in order to get better reception on the tape.

The Rabbi called the meeting to order at about 8:15 p.m. He explained that Detective Sgt. Frances Galasso, Commanding Officer of the Nassau County Sex Crimes Squad, had not yet arrived at the meeting. He did not know if she would attend, as she was called out on an emergency on the South Shore.

The meeting was started and the following panelists were called up to speak:

Sandra Kaplan, M.D.

Victor Fonari, M.D.

Joan Spector, D.S.W

Carol Samit, C.S.W.

Thomas Feniger, Ph.D.



After the above five (5) persons spoke to the audience, the Rabbi again got up to the microphone. He stated that Detective Galasso just arrived at the meeting, and told the audience that there would be no more photographing nor tape recording. There were two (2) uniformed police officers standing at the back of the room, and the cameras and tape recorders were given to them.

I gave one of the officers my recorder, and took notes as Detective Galasso spoke.

The following are some of the remarks of Detective Sgt. Frances Galasso, Commanding Officer, Nassau County Sex Crimes Squad:

Sex abuse is running rampant in this County.

I cannot discuss this case without jeopardizing the rights of plaintiffs and defendants.

This is the largest case in number of defendants and number of plaintiffs.

We have merely scratched the surface.

The "abused" becomes "abuser".

I have NEVER arrested a sex offender who has not been a victim!

Working for one (1) year on this investigation; has eighteen (18) years on the job.

At the moment, working in Uniondale and Freeport on cases.

There are many cooperative/many uncooperative people in the community.

Tell any person whose child set foot through the door, that child WAS a victim!

It is a very complicated case.

Some parents said that they had to speak with their attorneys or psychiatrists first.

She thinks she is going to do well on this case.

Temple Beth-El of Great Neck

Panelists of Sexual Abuse of Children Program

November 16, 2008

⑤ Thomas Feniger, Ph.D.
Director, Pupil Personnel Services, Great Neck Public Schools
516-773-1731

② Victor Fornari, M.D.
Physician in Charge Pediatric Consultation/Liaison Service and Assistant
Professor of Psychiatry of Cornell University Medical College
516-562-3005

Detective Sgt. Frances Galasso
Commanding Officer Nassau County Sex Crimes Squad
516-535-7816

① Sandra Kaplan, M.D.
Chief of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry, Associate Professor of Clinical Psychiatry
at Cornell University Medical College, and Chairperson for the Committee on Family
Violence and Sexual Abuse of the American Psychiatric Assoc.
516-562-3005

④ Carol Samit, C.S.W.
Assistant Coordinator of Family Crisis Program, Division of Child
and Adolescent Psychiatry, and Senior Psychiatric Social Worker, The Division of Child
and Adolescent Psychiatry of North Shore University Hospital
516-562-3005

③ Joan Spector, D.S.W.
Private Practice in Great Neck
516-482-7755

Over 200 seats
About 40-45

DENIS DILLON
DISTRICT ATTORNEY



OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
NASSAU COUNTY
262 OLD COUNTRY ROAD
MINEOLA, NEW YORK 11501
TELEPHONE (516) 535-3800

March 26, 1990

Inspector Ronald Olsen
Commanding Officer, Major Offense Squad
Nassau County Police Department
1490 Franklin Avenue
Mineola, NY 11501

Re: People v. ROBERT J. IZZO

Dear Inspector Olsen:

On Friday, March 23, 1990 I was informed that Detective Sergeant L. Gorman of the Nassau County Police Department Sex Crimes Squad is scheduled to appear as a guest speaker at a Child Sexual Abuse Seminar conducted by the staff of North Shore University Hospital on March 30, 1990. In addition to Detective Sergeant Gorman, Dr. Cathryn J. Fenton, Superintendent of Hicksville schools is also scheduled to appear.

As the Chief of the Major Offense Bureau assigned to the prosecution of the ROBERT IZZO matter, the appearance of a Nassau County Police Department representative and Dr. Fenton at this Seminar causes me great concern. Since the inception of this case, the Office of the District Attorney has strived to investigate and prosecute this matter independent of any psychiatric or therapeutic health professionals. This has been maintained because law enforcement investigations into matters of child sexual abuse must remain free from any appearance that law enforcement officials are utilizing the services of psychological agencies and medical professionals in their criminal investigations

The importance of this independence between our agencies in protecting the integrity of a criminal investigation was most recently exhibited by the verdict in the McMartin case in California. All reports and interviews with the jurors concerning

- 2 -

the acquittal in that case indicate that the jurors were extremely troubled by the role of the psychologists who conducted the interviews of the children involved in that investigation. It was noted that although psychologists, based upon their training are extremely useful in enabling children to discuss instances of sexual abuse, their lack of training in the legal system and the evidentiary limitations placed upon child interviews by the courts make the use of such professionals in a criminal investigation or association with law enforcement personnel during a pending prosecution, extremely unwise. It is my opinion that in order to protect the integrity of the ROBERT IZZO investigation and prosecution, any formal association such as that scheduled between the Nassau County District Attorney's Office and the Nassau County Police Department with North Shore University Hospital, who is responsible for the counselling of many of the IZZO complainants, must be avoided.

I would appreciate a reconsideration of your Department's decision to send a representative of the Nassau County Police Department to the North Shore University Seminar on March 30, 1990. Your consideration to this matter is greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

Denis Dillon
District Attorney

Barry W. Grennan, Chief
Major Offense Bureau

BWG:sw



NORTH SHORE UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL—

CORNELL UNIVERSITY MEDICAL COLLEGE



DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHIATRY
Division of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry
516-562-3005

I N V I T A T I O N

You are cordially invited to attend the
Raphell Sims Lakowitz Memorial Conference
"Extrafamilial Child Sexual Abuse and Pornography:
A Community Disaster"
on Friday, March 30, 1990

A Luncheon for Distinguished Guests will be held in the
Ketcham Board Room at 12:15 P.M.
Enclosed is a Conference Flyer for your information.

Please R.S.V.P. to Sandy Valli at 562-3005

RCV BY: XEROX TELECOPIER 7010 ; 3-23-90 3:21PM ;
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NORTH SHORE UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL-

CORNELL UNIVERSITY MEDICAL COLLEGE



DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHIATRY
 Division of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry

516-562-3005

*File
 Omoroto
 See who
 free to attend
 JBL*

March 23, 1990

Mr. Barry W. Grennan
 Chief Major Offense Bureau
 District Attorney's Office
 262 Old Country Road
 Mineola, Ny 11501

Dear Mr. Grennan:

You and any of your staff are invited to attend this Conference. You are also invited to attend the Conference Luncheon for Distinguished Guests which will be held in the Ketcham Board Room at 12:15 P.M.

Notice of this Conference was sent to your Office by the North Shore University Hospital Department of Health Education. However, I want to personally invite you since you mentioned that you had not seen this announcement.

Please respond regarding the Conference and Luncheon attendance to Sandy Valli at 562-3005.

Yours truly,

Sandra Kaplan, M.D.

Sandra Kaplan, M.D.
 Chief, Department of Child and
 Adolescent Psychiatry
 North Shore University Hospital
 Associate Professor of Clinical
 Psychiatry
 Cornell University Medical College

SK:sv
 Encl.

A-1565



The Raphell Sims Lakowitz Memorial Conference
"EXTRAFAMILIAL CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE AND PORNOGRAPHY,
A COMMUNITY DISASTER"

Friday, March 30, 1990

Objectives: To educate the professional community and provide training for the recognition, diagnosis, treatment and prevention of extrafamilial sexual abuse and pornography of children and adolescents. Information will be provided on mental health and legal issues associated with extrafamilial child sexual abuse and pornography.

Audience: The conference is designed to meet the needs of all providers of professional services to children, such as psychiatrists, pediatricians, psychologists, attorneys, law enforcement and criminal justice professionals, social workers, educators, health professionals and community agency staff.

Accreditation: Cornell University Medical College designates this continuing medical education activity for credit in Category I of the Physician's Recognition Award of the American Medical Association. This program has been reviewed and is acceptable for 5 1/2 prescribed hours by the American Academy of Family Physicians. Certificates of Attendance for professionals will be awarded.

Where: The symposium will be held in the Rust Auditorium of North Shore University Hospital-Cornell University Medical College, Manhasset, NY. The hospital is located on Community Drive, easily accessible from the Long Island Expressway (Exit 33) or Northern Boulevard (Route 25A). Train information: Long Island Railroad from Penn Station to Manhasset.

Parking: Parking is available for symposium participants. Use hospital entrance #3 and follow the signs for "Seminar Parking".

Fee: Includes registration, refreshments, lunch and parking.

General	\$45.00
Physician/CME	\$50.00

Please make checks payable to:

N.S.U.H. #10853

Pre-registration required

For information, call (516) 562-3045.

Program

<p>8:30 A.M. Registration and Coffee</p> <p>9:00 A.M. Welcome Isidore Shapiro, A.C.S.W. Commissioner Nassau County Department of Mental Health, Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities Overview: "Extrafamilial Sexual Abuse and Pornography" Sandra Kaplan, M.D. Chief, Division of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry North Shore University Hospital- Cornell University Medical College Associate Professor of Clinical Psychiatry Cornell University Medical College</p> <p>10:00 A.M. "A Cycle of Abuse: from Victim to Perpetrator" Judith Becker, Ph.D. Director, Sexual Behavior Clinic New York State Psychiatric Institute Professor of Clinical Psychology in Psychiatry College of Physicians and Surgeons Columbia University</p> <p>10:45 A.M. Break</p> <p>11:00 A.M. "The Effects of Child Sexual Abuse Rings on Children" Ann Burgess, R.N., D.N.Sc., F.A.A.N. Van Ameringen Professor of Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing School of Nursing University of Pennsylvania</p> <p>11:45 A.M. Panel: Questions and Answers</p>	<p>12:15 P.M. Lunch</p> <p>1:00 P.M. "Legal Issues for Children, Clinicians and Educators: Resolving Conflict Between Prosecution vs. Treatment Needs" Howard Davidson, J.D. Director, American Bar Association Center on Children and the Law</p> <p>1:45 P.M. Panel Presentation: "Sex Abuse Crisis: Issues in Treatment and Management: A Community Response" Carol Samit, M.S.W. Senior Psychiatric Social Worker Family Crisis Center North Shore University Hospital- Cornell University Medical College David Pelcovitz, Ph.D. Chief Child Psychologist Division of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry North Shore University Hospital- Cornell University Medical College Lawrence Gorman Detective Sergeant Nassau County Police Department Sex Crimes Squad Dr. Catherine J. Fenton Superintendent of Schools Hicksville Public Schools</p> <p>2:45 P.M. Panel: Questions and Answers</p> <p>3:15 P.M. Conference Summation and Conclusion Sandra Kaplan, M.D.</p>
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Registration Form (please attach)

A-1566

NEWSDAY, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1987

Parents Seek Therapy for Abuse Victims

By Kathy Boccella

While investigators prepare their case against a Great Neck teacher who was arrested last week on charges of sexually molesting four young boys, parents of the boys say they are seeking psychiatric help for their children.

According to those who work with young victims, therapy is the first step toward overcoming the immense emotional trauma of sexual abuse.

"It's probably the most devastating, all-pervasive combination of trauma outside of a Holocaust situation that a kid could go through," said David A. Ackerman, a social worker who leads a sexual abuse treatment team at West Nassau Mental Health Center. "It

affects every aspect of the person's development."

On Wednesday, Arnold Friedman, 56, a retired Bayside High School teacher, and his son, Jesse, 18, were charged with sodomizing and sexually abusing four boys who took computer lessons at Friedman's home. Arnold Friedman also faces federal charges of receiving and sending pornography in the mail. A three-year federal investigation of child pornography led to their arrest; allegations of abuse surfaced after Nassau County police began to interview students.

Both Friedmans have pleaded innocent to the state charges.

Experts say the physical damage to sexually

abused children is often minimal. It is the emotional scars that can last a lifetime.

"The recurrence of the trauma can be triggered off by almost anything. Somebody might start dating, get pregnant, contemplate marriage," said Ackerman.

Despite the agony they experience, children who are sexually abused rarely confide in their parents, experts say.

While adults may find such behavior hard to understand, psychiatrists say keeping mum is part of the dynamic of the abuse situation.

"There are several reasons why children do not talk about it," said Dr. Marvin L. Blumberg, a psychiatrist and chairman of the department of pediatrics at Jamaica Hospital. "One is that the youngster feels that the adult [who is abusing the child] is trusted and won't do anything wrong, especially if it's somebody he knows. If he says it's alright, it must be alright."

"Sometimes it's a question of bribery — don't tell anybody, it's our secret, it's fun. For older children, in their teens, after getting started they may feel they'll be blamed. They think, 'It's my fault and so I better keep my mouth shut.'"

Parents are generally more aware when a family member is abusing their child than an outsider, the experts say. When they do find out what has hap-

Please see THERAPY on Page 23

DA to Seek Order for AIDS Tests

The Nassau County District Attorney's Office will ask a judge to order Arnold and Jesse Friedman to submit to AIDS tests, a spokesman said yesterday.

"We've been in touch with several parents and some have expressed concern," said the spokesman, Ed Grilli.

The parents had requested the test on Thursday, a day after Friedman, 56, a computer and music teacher, was arrested on charges that he sodomized and sexually abused four young boys in his Great Neck home. Arrested with Friedman was his son, Jesse,

18, a student at the State University at Purchase.

Arnold Friedman also faces federal charges of receiving and sending child pornography through the mail. Both Friedmans have pleaded innocent to the state charges.

Grilli said District Attorney Denis Dillon would request the court order sometime this week. He said Friedman has not indicated whether he would voluntarily submit to the test.

Mark Heller, the Friedmans' attorney, was not available for comment.

Parents Seek Therapy for Abuse Victims

THERAPY from Page 6

pened, they may feel hurt that the child did not confide in them.

"They can't understand why the child was notable to come to them," Ackerman said. "They blame the kid, they blame themselves. Very often they deny what has happened."

Ackerman said sexual abuse often leaves children with a distorted view of themselves; they may feel tainted, corrupted or unlikeable.

For boys, sexual abuse can lead to homosexuality, especially if the abuse takes place in their teen years when feelings of guilt and shame are stron-

gest. "They may feel they let it happen. That has a prolonged effect and is very often personality-destructive," Blumberg said.

Or they may turn into bullies, trying to prove their masculinity through aggressive behavior. Girls who are sexually abused may turn to prostitution, he said.

A less conspicuous side effect is the loss of the ability to trust because the abuser often is someone who was trusted and liked by both the child and the family.

Other side effects can range from the inability to sleep to bad grades to a shyness that previously did not exist,

experts say. Problems with drugs and alcohol can also develop.

While parents may be attuned to the signs of sexual abuse, it is often difficult to spot the abuser. "There is not a typical offender," Ackerman said. Pedophiles, or people who sexually desire children, come from all walks of life and span socio-economic groups, he said.

But there are some common threads that are found in the personalities of pedophiles. According to Blumberg, they are emotionally immature and weak, and are looking for love and attention. Often they feel they cannot engage in sex with adults, even if they are mar-

ried and have children. Many were themselves sexually abused as children.

As with rape, child sexual abuse cases are difficult to prosecute and traumatic for the victims. Cases often are plea-bargained because parents do not want their children reliving the experience in a courtroom, Ackerman said.

If they do go to trial, defense attorneys often suggest that the child fabricated the offense, he said.

"I would say it is very unusual that a child would make up sexual abuse," Blumberg said. "They're more likely to lie that it doesn't happen than [that] it does."

EMBER 29, 1987

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Mr & Mrs B [REDACTED]
86 [REDACTED] Ave
Hicksville Ny 11801

North Shore University Hospital
400 Community Drive
Manhasset, NY 11030

Ms. Sandra Kaplan,

Enclosed please find a copy of a final bill just received also please find a notice received from Susan Rothman, Nassau County D A Office. This notice states that we receive 6 free sessions from your office. Mrs. Rothman strongly suggested that we accept these free sessions and urged us to make an appointment, even though J [REDACTED] was already under Drs. care..

We only came to one session and then decided not to return and use any other free sessions.

This matter of \$300.00 unpaid is being turned over to my attorney Paul Burlant, 1565 Franklin Ave, Mineola, NY 11501 #516 742-0700. I am also filing a compliant with Assistant District Attorney Maureen Riordon.

We should not be held responsible for a supposedly free visit that we were mistakenly told would help our criminal case.

Thank You,
[Handwritten signature]

NEWSDAY, THURSDAY, JUNE 23, 1988

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LONG ISLAND

New Arrest in Child-Sex Case

By Bill Van Haintze and Alvin E. Bessent

A Great Neck youth was arrested yesterday and accused of participating in orgies of child sexual abuse arranged by computer teacher Arnold Friedman and his son, in which young boys were sodomized during classes in Friedman's home.

Ross Goldstein, 17, of 51 Piccadilly Rd. was taken into custody at his home yesterday about one hour before he was due to graduate from an alternative high school in the North Shore community, police said. He was charged with 14 counts of first-degree sodomy, two counts of first-degree sexual abuse, and two counts of using a child in a sexual performance, police said. The abuse allegedly occurred during orgies arranged by Arnold Friedman and his son Jesse between March 1, 1986, and June 30, 1986, and between Dec. 9, 1986 and March 10, 1987.

Goldstein's attorney could not be reached for comment.

Goldstein's was the first of a number of additional arrests expected soon in connection with the abuse, which involved at least five victims previously unknown. Arnold Friedman had admitted abusing 13 young boys when he pleaded guilty in March to 42 counts of various forms of sexual abuse.

"There will be other arrests, possibly four others," said Det. Sgt. Fran Galasso, head of the Nassau police sex crimes unit. "These were additional friends of Jesse who were invited to the Friedman home to participate in these sexual performances," Galasso said.

Jesse Friedman — previously charged with 51 counts of sodomy, sexual abuse and endangering the

welfare of a child — will be rearrested and hit with additional, similar charges, Galasso said. The earlier charges are still pending in Nassau County Court.

The newly cited victims, all boys aged 7 to 11, were sodomized and forced to perform oral sex in full view of other computer students, police said. Additional details of the abuse were revealed by previously identified victims during sessions with their therapists,

Galasso said.

"We suspected initially that something more was involved, that there was information the children were reluctant to release. We know from experience that, normally, pedophiles like to share their interest with other pedophiles," Galasso said.

Goldstein and Jesse Friedman had been friends for

Please see SODOMY on Page 24

Child-Sex Arrest

SODOMY from Page 21

about two years, police said. The two had been classmates at The Village School in Great Neck, an alternative school for students with emotional or learning disabilities, police said.

Goldstein, who was apprehended at 2:55 p.m., was scheduled to participate in graduation ceremonies at the school at 4:30 p.m., police said. Charles Piemonte, who identified himself as the head of the school, said he was aware that police had arrested the boy. He said the boy had "learning problems," but declined to comment further.

Jesse Friedman, 18, who was a student at the State University at Purchase when charged in November, is currently free on \$250,000 bail.

Arnold Friedman, 56, was an award-winning teacher who taught for 20 years at Bayside High School in Queens. He is serving a 10- to 30-year prison sentence. He pleaded guilty in March to sodomizing and otherwise sexually abusing 13 young boys, all of whom were students in computer classes conducted in his home. Arnold Friedman also pleaded guilty in U.S. District Court in Brooklyn to sending child pornography through the mail

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A-1570

Opinion:

We Are Not Facing A Serious Water Shortage

Ed. Note: The following opinion piece is in response to an op-ed article by Sonia Soble, a Great Neck resident. In her article, Ms. Soble questioned the policy and timing of imposing water restrictions on residents while granting water permits to commercial developers. In their response, the Water Commissioners of the Manhasset/Lakeville Water District — Brian Jennings, James Sharkey, and Francis E. Gould — make clear that the water permits were not granted while a moratorium was in effect.

The Manhasset-Lakeville Water District, contrary to what was written in a recent opinion piece, is not facing a "serious water shortage." We are, however, faced with state-mandated water pumpage caps at a time when difficult zoning and land-management decisions are being made by the nine incorporated villages and parts of North Hempstead that we serve.

Manhasset-Lakeville, unlike most of the districts served by Nassau County's 41 public and private water suppliers, remains comparatively undeveloped. The 400-acre Whitney estate in Manhasset is the largest undeveloped tract in Nassau. The village of North Hills, home to only hundreds a decade ago, today has a population of more than 5,000. Some of our largest customers—businesses and industrial parks—have increased their water consumption commensurate with their expansion in recent years. The Northern Boulevard business district has boomed and developers have sought, and continue to seek, permission to develop tracts that lay empty or underutilized.

Long Island gets all of its water from underground sources. New York State's Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) determined in the fall of 1986 that the withdrawal of water from Nassau County's underground aquifers now equals or exceeds the amount of water being charged. There are hydrology experts who disagree with the DEC's position and maintain that the rate of recharge remains higher than the discharge rate.

On October 1, the DEC mandated by the DEC that it not pump more than 3.8 billion gallons, on average, in any one year, over the next five years. The state's cap quantity was based on our actual pumpage between 1980 and 1984. Considerable development (with attendant water demand) occurred in the interim. Dozens of residential and commercial projects had already been granted building permits or site-plan approvals by a zoning entity along with a letter of water availability granted by the district. The letter entitles a property owner access to water. To compound the issue, we had pumped 2.8 billion gallons of water to our customers in 1986, not knowing that the DEC was about to announce its pumpage caps.

The district imposed a moratorium on the issuance of all new letters of water availability and reviewed applications that were still pending. That moratorium was imposed by us in November 1986 and was suspended in April of this year. Effective October 4, we reinstated that moratorium based upon adverse pumpage trends which occurred during a dry summer. We have requested a meeting with the DEC to discuss the unique problems that confront the Manhasset-Lakeville Water District and are continuing to review the effectiveness of the existing water conservation programs. We are also considering additional conservation measures.

We have implemented some of the strictest water conservation programs in Nassau County to help the district comply with the DEC's water pumpage limits. And we've found that the overwhelming majority of our customers are complying without policies regarding lawn sprinkling (which is limited to odd and even numbered days, depending on your house number) and the filling of pools (those with a capacity of more than 2500 gallons must obtain water from outside the district). Large scale water users, like car washes and restaurants, have voluntarily agreed to cut down on their water usage. We are considering a policy whereby the heaviest water users would have to pay a surcharge on the number of gallons consumed beyond a certain point. There are some conservation

measures that are out of our jurisdiction. Some letters of water availability that were granted in the pie-cup days of the early 1980's are not being acted upon until the late 1980's. We cannot, in the name of water conservation, rescind these letters without facing a lawsuit that we would surely lose.

Elected officials in Nassau County, such as ourselves, know that preserving our quality of life is of the utmost importance to the people we serve. The answer to the quandary that we are facing lies in responsible zoning decisions, the public acquisition of environmentally sensitive property, when possible, and wise use of our precious water supply. Water is something too many of us take for granted. Our most valued resource is cheap and sufficient for our present needs and those in the foreseeable future. We're working hard to keep it that way and, with your help, we will.

Brian E. Jennings
James E. Sharkey
Francis E. Gould
Manhasset-Lakeville Water District
Board of Commissioners

Jennings to Run Again For Water District

Brian Jennings, a commissioner of the Manhasset-Lakeville Fire-Water District, is running unopposed for another three-year term in his present post. The longtime Manhasset resident has served as a commissioner since November, 1981. Voting will take place on Tuesday, Dec. 13 between 5:00 p.m. and 10:00 p.m. at Manhasset-Lakeville Firehouses Number 1 (on Bayview Avenue in Manhasset), Number 4 (on Northern Boulevard in Great Neck) and Number 5 (on 78th Avenue in New Hyde Park).

"The job has changed significantly over the years," Mr. Jennings said, in a recent interview. "When I first started, we mostly dealt with installing new mains and equipment." Now, he continued, the board is faced with state-mandated water pumpage caps, the need to develop effective conservation programs, and adhere to stricter water quality standards.

District Cover Fire and Water

Manhasset-Lakeville's district is one of three in Nassau County whose commissioners oversee both Fire and Water District. In recent years, the board has upgraded its computer systems, which has made billing customers more efficient. The computer upgrade has also enabled fire dispatchers not only to relay information to the district's volunteer firefighters regarding the site of a fire, but also where the nearest hydrant is located, and if any hazardous material is stored on the property. Mr. Jennings, an active member of Firehouse Number Two for more than 15 years, now serves as an auxiliary member. He's hoping that many will respond to the Fire Department's call for additional volunteers. All those that are over the age of 18, and interested in joining the fire department, should contact the firehouse nearest them.

New Wells Ready to Go

"We've also negotiated with the owners of large, open spaces and successfully purchased well-sites at extremely low cost," Commissioner Jennings stated. New wells are almost ready to go on-line along Shelter Rock Road, near the Shelter Rock school, and at the Spruce Pond development in North Hills. Plans are underway for well-construction at the Gracefield and Stone Hill (the former Paley estate) properties. Nine incorporated villages in Manhasset and Great Neck fall within the district's jurisdiction. Unincorporated portions of Manhasset, North New Hyde Park, and Great Neck are also served by Manhasset-Lakeville's 14 wells and five firehouses.

Conservation Still Necessary

Commissioner Jennings foresees the need for further water conservation over the next three years as Manhasset-Lakeville, like Nassau County's 41 other public and private water suppliers, works to keep its annual water pumpage within the cap levels set by the state's Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC).

"We recently reinstituted a moratorium that will extend for another 22 to 24 months"

Mr. Jennings said, referring to the moratorium now in place on the issuance of new letters of water availability. "This will give us a chance to assess past conservation measures and examine additional options." The Board of Commissioners have had a moratorium in place for all but six months over the past two years. Commissioner Jennings serves on the board along with James Sharkey and Francis Gould. Mr. Jennings, his wife, Ann, and their eight children have lived in Manhasset since 1962. The Notre Dame and New York University alumnus is director of New York Telephone's Community Relations Department for Long Island.

Help For Victims Of Sex Abuse Stressed In Temple Program

By Paul Lipkowitz

Every speaker at Temple Beth El's program on "Sexual Abuse of Children" on Nov. 10 stressed the need for help for victims of child sexual abuse. In no uncertain terms, all underscored one point: young victims of sexual abuse could be victims for life, if no support is given.

Referring to the Friedman case in Great Neck, Detective Sgt. Frances Galasso of the Nassau County Sex Crimes Squad warned all parents of victims. "Every child that set foot through that door was a victim in one way or another," she said, "and it's vitally important that every parent who hasn't does get their child help."

Accommodation Syndrome

How much abuse could have gone on, how it might effect children, and what parents can do now, were some of the questions the speakers tried to answer at the program.

The "Child Sexual Abuse Accommodation Syndrome," identified by Roland Summit at U.C.L.A., illustrates the problems children face in disclosing their sexual abuse. "The syndrome is based on the fact that there is tremendous fear and rejection of these issues in the society at large," said Dr. Victor Fomari, physician in charge of Pediatric Consultation at Cornell University Medical College.

He continued: "Every child faces a second trauma in revealing their sexual abuse to the adult world where they are often met with blame, disbelief, and rejection."

"These children are abandoned by the very people they need to support them."

"This reinforces their initial feeling of helplessness before the abuser. In the end, these children are made to feel continually helpless," said Dr. Fomari.

Short and Long-Term Effects

"The majority of sexual abuse cases do not leave physical signs," said Dr. Sandra Kaplan, Chief of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry at Cornell University Medical College. Short-term effects she listed were diminished self-esteem, a sense of helplessness, anger and pain which are often associated with anxiety in children, overly compliant behavior, delinquent behavior and an extraordinary fear of males. Most perpetrators of sex crimes are men, Dr. Kaplan noted.

Every speaker warned that if no intervention on behalf of the child is made, the long-term effects of child sexual abuse can be severe.

Dr. Kaplan said problems that could follow the abused child into adulthood are feelings of isolation and problems with intimacy, feelings of being branded or stigmatized like "damaged goods," a risk of repeated victimization as a rape and a risk even of suicide. Large numbers of suicides, Dr. Kaplan added, were sexually abused children.

Advice to Parents

"It's important for parents to get control of their feelings and try to calm the child," said Carol Samit, Assistant Coordinator of the Family Crisis Program at North Shore.

"Try not to show anger or pain. It will not help the child to confide," she added. "And above all, be careful not to give the impression, even the underlying impression, of blaming the child."

According to studies, Dr. Kaplan added, the children who recover most fully from sex abuse are the children who have had the support of a non-offending adult.

Thomas Feinger, Ph.D., Director of Pupil Personnel Services in the Great Neck Public Schools, explained the school's approach. "Our goal is to help the child," he said. "We try to

serve both as educators and as conduits—we have tried to get children and parents who need help to the experts who can help."

"We are not a treatment agency," he continued. "We would do a disservice to dabble."

Warning to Parents

Det. Sgt. Galasso compared her experiences covering Great Neck's sex-abuse with a similar case in Freeport. "There parents put their own feelings of guilt, shame, and embarrassment behind them," she said, "and let us help."

Twenty five percent of girls and nine percent of boys have been sexually abused before they reach the age of 18 according to Dr. Kaplan. Experts maintain, however, that these figures underestimate the problem because most children do not report sex crimes.

Cost of Catastrophic Coverage Explained At Senior Center Meeting

By Harry Schatz

Surprise, anger and concern were expressed by participants who attended a meeting held at the Great Neck Senior Citizen Center, on Nov. 10 on the provisions and costs of the Medicare Catastrophic Coverage Act of 1988. The speakers representing the Grey Panthers, were Alice Martin and Ruth Berling.

Many in the audience were shocked to learn the method of financing via the costly and controversial supplemental premium or surtax on their Federal Income Tax. Despite the media publicity, a large segment of the audience was unaware of how the benefits were to be paid for what it would cost them. As the supplemental premium was explained by Mrs. Martin with its 25 percent surtax or \$22.50 on every \$150 of Federal Income taxes with a maximum of \$800 a person or \$1600 per couple for 1989 and increase each year up to \$1050 and \$2100 by 1993, many people said that it was unfair and a serious financial burden. Mrs. Martin pointed out that this was in addition to the \$4 a month catastrophic increase to the existing Part B monthly premium scheduled at \$27.00 for January 1, 1990 for a total of \$31.00. With the rates scheduled to rise to \$37.50 for each \$150 of taxes owed in 1990; to \$39.00 in 1991 and to \$40.50 in 1992, there was general agreement that the costs were inordinately excessive.

Dissatisfaction was also expressed with many of the provisions of the law which were felt to be inadequate for the needs of Medicare beneficiaries. Review some of the provisions, Mrs. Berling said. "When the bill was being discussed in Congress, it sounded like a good idea with the government really concerned to find an answer to the medical problems of the aged. In its final form, it did not deliver what was promised."

Mrs. Berling reviewed hospital stays, skilled nursing facility care, prescription drugs, home health care, hospice and respite care and the basic catastrophic change that puts a cap of \$1390 in annual out-of-pocket expenses of Medicare-allowed doctor bills. Commenting on the adequacy or insufficiency of each provision, Mrs. Berling found drawbacks in many of the changes in the law which she felt simply failed to provide the necessary resolutions to the problems. She reminded the audience that everything she discussed was explained in the brochure entitled, *Medicare Has Improved*, sent to every Medicare beneficiary. "This pamphlet must be read carefully," she said, "by every beneficiary, so that they understand each provision in the law."

Although Medicare benefits have been enhanced, a warning was issued by Mrs. Martin for beneficiaries not to cancel their Medicare, or other policies that supplemented Medicare, at this time. The law prevents duplication of Medicare benefits by private concerns who are required during the month of January to send a letter to their policy holders explaining what they are offering. It appears that in most cases a supplemental policy would be helpful, but no decision should be made at the present time.

Ed. Note: A comprehensive review of the entire catastrophic law is forthcoming very soon.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Rhidaya S. Trivedi, being duly sworn, hereby certify under penalty of perjury that I am an associate at the law firm of the Law Office of Ronald L. Kuby, counsel for Petitioner-Movant Jesse Friedman; I am over 18 years of age; and on November 6, 2020, I caused true and correct copies of Mr. Friedman's motion for authorization to file a second petition for writ of habeas corpus, together with all supporting papers, to be served on counsel for Respondent, by electronic mail, at the following address:

Tammy Smiley
Nassau County District Attorney's Office
E-mail: Tammy.Smiley@nassauda.org

Dated: New York, NY
November 6, 2020


RHIDAYA TRIVEDI